



## Why the government of India should confer "Bharat Ratna" award on Raja Mahendra Pratap Ji?

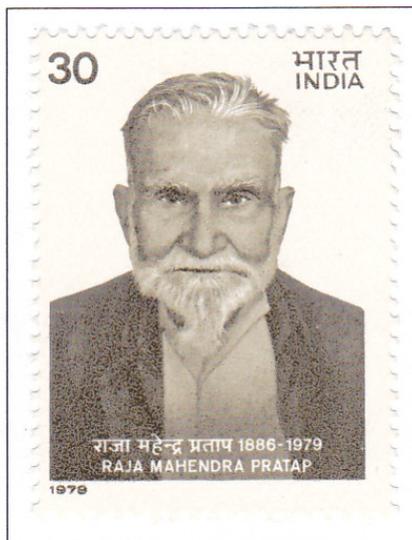
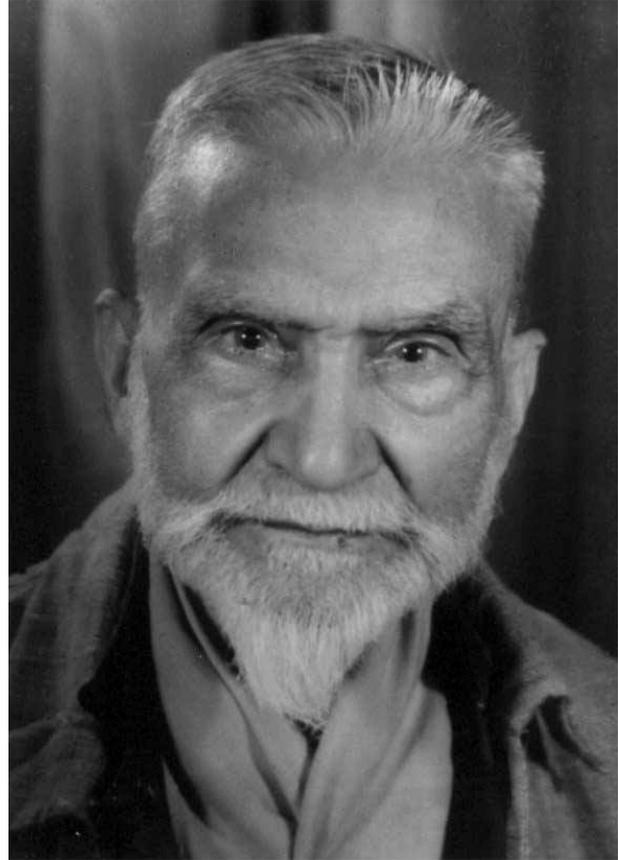
- 1) 1932 Nobel Prize Nominee for World Peace and Harmony category (*perhaps first ever Indian considered for this honor*) - Mahatma Gandhi got nominated for this award 16 years later in 1948
- 2) King of Mursan (Mathura) State is also known as "**Peter Peer Pratap**" and "**Aryan Peshwa**"
- 3) First president of Indian Govt. formed by himself in exile in 1915 and initiator of "**Jehad**" against British Govt. in India
- 4) Founder of new religion "**PREM**" (*on the pattern of deen-e-ilahi of Akbar the great*) in 1916. Your demotic phrase was "**No religion is greater than Love**"
- 5) Defeated Atal Bihari Vajpayee by deposit loss margin in 1957
- 6) A renowned philanthropist, donated numerous lands and resources for advanced and technical educations in the country
- 7) Founder of Polytechnique Education System in 1909. Gave away his residence and five villages for the purpose of technical education which was named Prem Maha Vidhalaya
- 8) International symbol of Hindu-Muslim Unity, in fact of Hindu-Muslim-Sikh as being Hindu by birth thou got married to Jat Sikh Princess Balbeer Kaur of Jind State, Haryana
- 9) First founder of INA of Neta Ji Subhash Chandra Bose and prime resource aide to later in running INA
- 10) A legendary who ran the fight for Indian freedom in global lobby by being 32 years in exile
- 11) Visited more than 30 nations for world peace and harmony
- 12) A staunch antagonist of untouchability and recruiter of untouchables in own palace and personal staff. He called himself the servant of the powerless and weak
- 13) In 1918 thou met Kaiser Wilhelm 2 of Germany
- 14) In 1919 thou met V.I.Lenin on the way to Russia and gave him his famous book, about which Lenin said that he had already read it and fond of his views
- 15) In 1929 launched the famous "World Federation" from Berlin.
- 16) In 1925 he went on a mission to Tibet and met the Dalai Lama. He was primarily on an unofficial economic mission on behalf of Afghanistan, but he also wanted to expose the British brutalities in India
- 17) In 1979, the year the raja died, the Indian government honoured his contributions by releasing a 30 paise commemorative postage stamp with his photo on Independence Day

immortal **Raja Shri Mahendra Pratap Singh Thenua Ji**, sir wish you a very gracefull and escatic 128th birth anniversary (*thou born on 1st December 1886*) with standing ovation of immense pride!

- 1) Does the government of India need even more evidences to confer "**Bharat Ratna**" award on Raja Ji?

- 2) Does the government of India need even more evidences for installing statue of Raja Ji in parliament?
- 3) Does the government of India need even more evidences to construct a Museum cum Panorama in hinterland of Delhi to study and research on Raja Ji's life and deeds?
- 4) Do the followers of staunch Hinduism still need more evidences to install his statue in Banaras Hindu University? Though his photo is already in Sir Sayyad Hall of AMU, the primemost corner of university.

**Some Photos of Raja Ji:**





Let's make it a numerous movement to get the deserving place and honor to his highness Raja Ji!

**Reference:** <http://rajamahendrapratap.net/>

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**Publisher:** Nidana Heights, **Date:** 01/12/2014